

EDITORIAL

Going after thieves

This newspaper reported yesterday about a new proposal by the Finance Ministry called the 'Fugitive Economic Offenders' Bill, which will allow the Government's various agencies to not only seize but also dispose off the assets of economic offenders even before a court deliberates on the case. This because the Government was apparently discovering that several economic offenders, found guilty of cheating banks and other individuals of their dues, would flee India but still employ a fleet of lawyers to protect their properties and assets in the country. And even though banks, the tax authorities and others could eventually win the case, assets would have almost been rusted to the ground. This is exactly what happened to Vijay Mallya's private jet, whose hulk is still rotting away on a remote tarmac at the Mumbai Airport. By the time the Airbus jet's case wound through the courts, when it was seized by the Service Tax authorities, it had missed periodic maintenance schedules and despite being a relative young jet, it is doubtful that the aircraft is presently in a flyaway condition. As a result, the potential selling price of the aircraft is below the value that the Service Tax Department thinks it is. A similar fate awaits the tens of cars that have been impounded or attached by the authorities. A few years in a garage without being turned over would almost certainly reduce even Nirav Modi's five crore Rolls-Royce Phantom to a rusting hulk which no-one would want to buy.

The Ministry wants to make clear through this Bill is that, anyone who escapes prosecution by fleeing the country, is liable to have their assets sold even before the cases go to court. Some of these individuals like Vijay Mallya, who fled to the UK, are fighting extradition on flimsy 'human rights' grounds like many other corrupt criminals who have taken shelter in the UK and other countries. Some have even acquired other nations passports with their ill-gotten gains to hide their travels. Almost always, those who flee prosecution for these cases, are implicating themselves by their action of escaping the law. In that sense, those who have stayed on in India to fight their cases are also effectively protecting their assets.

However, despite this new law, most of these fugitives would have allegedly made off with much more than they leave behind. They would also hide their assets through banking havens and possibly even crypto-currency which they believe is beyond the reach of the Indian authorities. Action by various governments on banking havens and even crypto-currency, some European nations have confiscated Bitcoin belonging to mafia organisations would that money accessible even to India, the government should work double-time to ensure that extradition proceedings are conducted rapidly and these criminals are brought back to face not just the people they cheated including their employees but also face justice.

CPEC: A debt-trap for Pakistan

Communist China, which has hegemonic designs against neighbouring countries, is exploiting Pakistan's abhorrence towards India. Pakistan, which was carved out from India on the basis of a failed two-nation theory, wants to take revenge from its eastern neighbour, as it alleges that it was dissected because of India. China, which views India as a potential rival, assists Pakistan militarily, financially and diplomatically. Pakistani authorities projected the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) as an extremely advantageous project which will end all its economic tribulations and the country will move rapidly towards the path of economic prosperity.

Islamabad, which claims that "China is Pakistan's irreplaceable all-weather friend", has not evaluated the pros and cons of the CPEC and the contents of the project were not even disclosed to the public. On the other hand, the China Development Bank and the National Development and Reform Commission, after analysing it thoroughly, in a detailed report said that the CPEC is an important part of the One Belt and One Road (OBOR) initiative.

Nevertheless, as things are unfolding, it is becoming clear that China, through CPEC, would snatch several assets of Pakistan and will reduce it to a Chinese colony. China has surplus industrial capacity, unemployed technical personnel and foreign exchange, which will be utilised in CPEC. China is not giving any free money and is charging high interest rates to develop infrastructural projects in smaller countries. When these countries fail to repay the loan, it grabs those projects.

Recently, Sri Lanka was forced to lease out its

Hambantota sea port for 99 years to China as it was unable to repay loan. Maldives too signed a free-trade deal with China which will be detrimental for the country in the long-run. Analysts contradict the myth propagated by Islamabad, saying that as the cost of labour is increasing in China, several Chinese companies may like to relocate to Pakistan and once Chinese companies operate from Pakistan, manufacturing units of other countries may put their factories in the country. No foreign companies, including Chinese companies, would reposition in Pakistan because of terrorism, poor infrastructure and non-technical manpower.

Besides, China has built massive infrastructure in other countries but business was not conducted and the countries are facing difficulty in payment of loans. China, which has a massive population of 1.37 billion, does not have sufficient arable land and is one of the largest importer of agricultural products. Chinese companies would capture thousand of acres of Pakistani land under the garb of mechanisation, using modern electronic gadgets to solve agricultural problems pertaining to fertilisers, seeds, livestock and supply chain.

In CPEC, a large chunk of the road and railway line would be built on Pakistan's resources as China wants to connect its land-locked restive Province of Xinjiang from Gwadar port. Pakistan will have to repay \$90 billion by 2030, which is a task easier said than done. China would also disseminate its ideology and culture in Pakistan. In CPEC, out of the \$55 billion, \$35 billion will be spent on the power sector. China will be charging 17 per cent to 20 per cent guaranteed return;



hence, it will recover its loan early. China will also charge Rs 8.50 per kilowatt an hour, while the reasonable rate is rupees five only. In this way, on the one hand, public will have to pay more, on the other, since there is too much of theft, the Government will not be able to repay the debt.

In 2017, Pakistan had an outstanding debt of \$72 billion, without the inclusion of CPEC loan. Pakistan also took loan from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) at an interest rate of 8.75 per cent after mortgaging fixed assets like motor ways, airports, radio and television stations. There will be no global tenders and all contracts would be given to Chinese companies, which might charge more and may also use sub-standard material as there will be no competition.

All Chinese companies have obtained tax concessions. Hence, neither will Islamabad earn money from taxes nor will the Pakistanis get employment as they do not have sufficient skilled manpower. Companies in China mostly employ Chinese

workers. Beijing would dump cheap goods in Pakistan and would destroy local industries. Pakistani industries will also fail to compete because of augmented electricity rates and excessive taxation.

Pakistan's economic growth is 3.1 per cent only, which is less for a developing country. Islamabad will fail to pay interest as well as principal amount. China is aware of it and will certainly capture several assets of Pakistan. The gap between imports and exports is increasing and the trade deficit is around \$24 billion which is more than 200 per cent of Pakistan's exports. Foreign remittances, which are an important source of foreign exchange, have also dwindled because of sharp decline in oil prices.

The Pakistan Army has raised two security divisions only to safeguard the Chinese as maintenance and security of the CPEC is the responsibility of Pakistan and it would be an additional burden. China would be constructing coal-based power plants under the CPEC which would be

harmful for both environment and health. Pakistan has hostile relations with all its neighbours, including India, Afghanistan and Shia Iran. It has cordial relations only with China. CPEC will be difficult without friendly relations with neighbouring countries. Corruption would be a major hurdle in the success of CPEC. There is rampant corruption in all Pakistani institutions and there will be misappropriation of funds at every step.

China is careful about its investments and will be quite tough in realising its money back. Islamabad signed the CPEC considering that it will be beneficial for the country but it signed an unfair deal for which the country will have to suffer. Beijing wants to occupy Pakistan's immovable assets, including Gwadar port, and hence, it will not allow CPEC to be a profit-making venture for Pakistan. The reports are emanating that in view of resistance from the public, and assessments and analysis of economists, the euphoria about CPEC is evaporating. Therefore, now China is finding it

difficult to deal with the civilian Government and it wants to deal about CPEC with the Army which is much more dependent on Chinese assistance. In November 2017, China had not released funds for three major road projects and informed Islamabad that Beijing was devising new rules and regulations.

Few months back, Pakistan turned down the Chinese proposal to construct \$14 billion Diyar Bhasha dam as Chinese put stringent stipulations which included the ownership of the project. It is an indicator that Islamabad is not realising the hidden intentions of China that it wants to have permanent foothold in the country.

In October 2016, a Pakistani senator stated that China is another East India Company and in CPEC national interests are not protected. The lawmakers raised doubt about the fixing of high tariff rates for electricity and also criticised that large number of CPEC projects were funded locally and not by foreign investments. They mentioned that the CPEC will be a "national calamity". China would convert Pakistan to a dependent country which would look towards China for its day to day its survival.

Pakistan is isolated because of sponsoring terrorism and China is taking advantage of this. China blocked the United States proposal in the United Nations to designate Jaish-e-Mohammed (JeM) Chief Maulana Masood Azhar as a global terrorist. China also helped Pakistan in the recently conducted meeting of Financial Action Task Force (FATF). Nevertheless, Pakistan must realise that China has laid a death trap for it and the country must wriggle out before it is too late.

Wonder Woman

In many ways actor Sridevi's passing away is reminiscent of Blake's Song of Innocence giving way to the Song of Experience and parallels the story of Indian women of a crucible generation, the ones who rewrote the rules by pushing through male-driven bastions with tremendous grace under pressure, survivors of a struggle that makes women's empowerment a millennial development goal today.

Sri's childhood phase, with those big, curious and wondrous eyes, the naughty flick of the brow and the disarming dimpled smile reflected a state of protected innocence compared to original sin, but not immune to the fallen world and its institutions. The roll of her eyes, her bird voice, her petulant pouts in Sadma were of the beginner, who screamed out for attention with her vulnerability. So through her 80s' hits in Bollywood, Himmatwala to Chalbaz and Chandni, she was seen as the star who could also act but who was crafted as the child-woman of male fantasy.

She bubbled with spritz but was indefatigably buoyant too, demonstrating her chops through a series of double roles, precursors of an Indian version of Wonder Woman, if it could ever get made. If she was the docile stereotype in one role, there was the feisty twin too who cared two hoots about somebody as large as Thalaiva (Rajnikant in Chalbaz) and teased men on her terms in a chiffon sari in the Swiss highlands. The monolithic Bachchan aura was waning from overuse and the Khans were still chocolate boys. But Sri was too much in the full-

ness of things, not just as a woman but a smart manager who taught us how to make good of an opportune talent gap and carve out an unassailable place for herself. Little wonder then that she was called Lady Bachchan. Then came the liberalisation years and she opened up possibilities for an industry that prides in spawning an experimental wave today. Of course, there were the arthouse characters of the 80s, trying to come out of their struggle and victimhood. But it was Sridevi who roared in commercial cinema, forcing Yash Chopra, the original king of romance, to make Lamhe in 1991, the story of a mother and daughter pivoted around a common man.

The former didn't need to do a Mrs Robinson but could amicably turn a much younger suitor into her Platonic friend, a switch which was done justifiably without any brouhaha. And when the daughter fell for the same man, Sridevi added a certain dignity to the younger girl's passion without letting it seem like an obsession. The nation accepted it with a purity of heart, simply because of the elegant conviction with which Sridevi carried the twin unconventional roles.

For Indian women breaking out, that was a coming-of-age year, when there was no fear in taming the uncharted or the unguided. By 1992 and then on, the Lady Bachchan happened to resurrect Big B himself with Khuda Gawah, playing his love interest and daughter simultaneously, negotiating her screen time with splendour and ability. With heroes thereafter, she commanded a higher pay packet.

Politicisation of scams, its perils

About a year ago, furious at their blatant arrogance, I had taken to Twitter to highlight the plight of a daily wage earner, Bobby, who had been trying to open an account with the Punjab National Bank (PNB) under the Prime Minister's Jan Dhan Yojana. He had the eligibility and requisite papers but the bank denied it on the basis of whims of an officer. Less than a year ago, while seeking a small loan from another nationalised bank, I was made to provide them with innumerable proofs — from the place I was born, to the jewellery my wife possessed, and the insurance details of my children. Even as I hated the frivolousness in the first case, eventually I admired the rigour. Thanks to the overzealous bank manager and rigid protocols, there is no way I can even dream of defaulting on the tiny loan that I am ever grateful to the bank for granting it to me.

However, this confidence was shattered when the Nirav Modi scam came to light. The message from the PNB bank was clear: Even as the banks were being obsessively cautious in lending money to small retail customers, its underbelly was rotting with deep malaise; its officers conniving brazenly with crooks; and hence, governance was massively compromised. Notwithstanding the magnitude of the scam, this incident has yet again buttressed a few truisms on the Indian society. The foremost being that we are a nation that thrives on hype and is full of knee-jerkers. Reason and rationality often suffer because of this.

Let's look at the key responses by those who matter — media, Government, political parties — in this entire controversy to understand what's meant by the above. The media, especially



television channels, was hysterical in its response. For an Indian audience, which is so used to seeing drama, the way Nirav Modi story was packaged was no surprise. The dramatisation of the scam and its funny portrayal trivialised a serious fraud that has consequences for every Indian.

Sensationalism dominated sensibility and Nirav Modi turned into the worst villain of the century. Sadly, the frenzied media which portrayed the scam resemble the proverbial Nazi plunder, failed to use this occasion to ask and explore some pertinent questions. Frenzy is fine, but where does it lead us to? What have been the outcomes of the other such banking frauds? What has the Government done to plug the apparent systemic loopholes? Why has the Managing Director of the bank not resigned or been forced to resign to infuse some semblance of morality in the society? What's the timeline for the investigations? Why is it that singleton crooks, such as Vijay Mallya and Nirav Modi, are able to take a gargantuan system, which has layers of

checks and balances, for a ride? Sadly, hype prevails over reason, yet again.

There are two critical players when we refer to the Government. One is the set of agencies investigating the case. The other is the Ministry of Finance, under whose jurisdiction nationalised banks fall. From the word go, the Enforcement Directorate (ED) and Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) have swung into action and we do keep hearing and reading about raids and seizures. Even while many may not suspect the intent of the reporters who dig out information from these agencies to construct narratives for public consumption, in instances such as these when the public gaze and interest is at its peak, the least these agencies can do is to create a robust public communication system — issue public release, and not only press release, on whatever is shareable. This shall keep distortions at bay and people's confidence high.

For instance, while the CBI Press release of February 16 posted on its website estimates the "alleged loss"

The tussle in the North-East

The most neglected north-eastern region has come into focus in the political calculations of the BJP, the Congress and other regional parties in view of the ongoing Assembly elections in Meghalaya, Nagaland and Tripura. For decades, successive Governments at the Centre, often in collusion with regional allies, failed to develop the region. Resultantly, poverty, unemployment and criminal neglect of the region had become a hotbed of insurgency and violence. The three States have just gone to polls and the results are awaited on March 3, which will show whether the BJP will surge forward.

Why does the BJP want to expand its base in the North-East? Having peaked in the north, the saffron party is now eyeing for the North-East and the south for expansion. The region has traditionally been a Congress stronghold, till 2016, the Congress ruled five of the eight north-eastern States. Since Prime Minister Modi came to power, the BJP has

wrested power in Assam, Arunachal Pradesh and Manipur. Therefore, the current polls are a test for both the Congress, that is struggling to survive and the BJP, that is hoping to find a foothold in the region.

After ousting the Congress in Assam in May 2016, the party took over Arunachal Pradesh six months later, luring 44 Congress MLAs, including Chief Minister Pema Khandu. In March 2017, the BJP formed the Government in Manipur even though the Congress emerged as the largest party in the polls. It has coalition partners heading Governments in Nagaland (Naga People's Front) and Sikkim (Sikkim Democratic Front) and seeks to conquer the entire region by 2019.

Second, in the expansion map of the BJP, which is focused around 120 seats that it has never won before, the North-East is crucial as it has 25 Lok Sabha seats. Third, the BJP has been making systematic efforts and formed the North-East Democratic Alliance (NEDA) in 2016 to unite regional local parties.

PUBLIC NOTICE

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Notice under Securitisation and Re-construction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002

This notice is being issued in relation to the enforcement of security in respect of a housing loan facility granted pursuant to a loan agreement entered into between ICICI Bank Limited ("Secured Creditor, which term includes its successors and assigns) and the borrower and co-borrower mentioned below. A notice is hereby given by the Authorised Officer of the Secured Creditor ("Authorised Officer") that the following borrowers have defaulted the repayment of principal and payment of interest of housing loans obtained by them from the Secured Creditor and the loans have now been classified as Non Performing Assets. Notice(s) have been issued to them under Section 13 (2) of Securitisation and Re-construction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 on their last known addresses. However it has/have returned un-served and as such they are hereby informed by way of this public notice.

Sr. No.	Name of the Borrower/ Co-Borrower/ Guarantor/ (Loan Account Number) & Address	Property Address of Secured Asset/ Asset To Be Enforced	Date of Notice Sent/ Outstanding as on Date of Notice	NPA Date
1.	Vishnubhai Jethabhai Vasava/ Ramlaben Vishnubhai Vasava (LBBRH0000350168) B-9, Amidharu Township, Nandvel Road, Baroda, Gujarat - 340021	Plot No. B-1, S. No. 90/1, Rajnigandha Bunglows, Nr. Mahadev Temple, Nandvel Road, Kasak, Tal- Dist- Bharuch, Gujarat - 392001	February 7, 2018 RS. 229385.54/-	Nov-5-2017

The steps are being taken for substituted service of notice. The above borrowers and/or their guarantors (where ever applicable) are advised to make the payments of all outstanding within 60 days from the date of publication of this notice failing which further steps will be taken after the expiry of 60 days from the date of this notice as per the provisions of Securitisation and Re-construction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002.

Date : 01-03-2018
Place : Gujarat

Sd/-
Authorized Officer
Secured Creditor

Cabinet approves Action Plan for Champion Sectors in Services

The Union Cabinet chaired by the Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has approved the proposal of the Department of Commerce to give focused attention to 12 identified Champion Services Sectors for promoting their development, and realizing their potential. These include Information Technology & Information Technology enabled Services (IT & ITes),

Tourism and Hospitality Services, Medical Value Travel, Transport and Logistics Services, Accounting and Finance Services, Audio Visual Services, Legal Services, Communication Services, Construction and Related Engineering Services, Environmental Services, Financial Services and Education Services.

The Cabinet has also directed the Ministries/Depart-

ments concerned with these sectors to utilize the available draft sectoral plans to finalize and implement the Action Plans for the identified Champion Services Sectors. The respective line Ministries/Departments shall finalize the Action Plans and the implementation timelines along with a monitoring mechanism to monitor implementation under the overall guidance of the Committee of Secretaries (CoS) under Cabinet Secre-

tary. A dedicated fund of Rs. 5000 crores has been proposed to be established to support initiatives for sectoral Action Plans of the Champion Sectors.

This initiative will enhance the competitiveness of India's service sectors through the implementation of focused and monitored Action Plans, thereby promoting GDP growth, creating more jobs and promoting exports to global markets.

Western Naval Command Concludes Exercise Paschim Leher (XPL-18)

The Western Naval Command of the Indian Navy concluded a large scale operational exercise in the Arabian Sea. The three week long exercise termed Exercise 'Paschim Leher' (XPL), tested the operational readiness of the Western Naval Command and the execution of its operational plans.

Over 40 naval assets including the aircraft carrier INS Vikramaditya, frontline ships of the Western Fleet and Eastern Fleet (including the newly inducted Kolkata class), submarines, potent missile vessels of the 22nd Killer Squadron, Patrol vessels and craft of the Local Flotilla and Indian Coast Guard participated in the exercise. In addition, the exercise also witnessed intense flying activity by the carrier borne Mig 29 Ks, P-8Is, IL-38SDs, Dorniers as well as Remotely Piloted Aircraft. This exercise also saw enhanced partici-

pation by the aircraft of the Indian Air Force, with coordinated flying missions with the IN air assets. Maritime role Jaguars, Su-30 MKI, AWACS, Flight Refuellers participated in large numbers from different airfields in Gujarat, Maharashtra and North India. An amphibious landing was also conducted, which included the participation of the 91 Inf Bde of the Indian Army.

The XPL 2018 enabled testing and revalidation of operational plans and manoeuvres in a hostile maritime scenario on India's Western Seaboard. Defence of Indian offshore assets, such as oil rigs, escort operations of Indian merchant ships as well as coastal defence, were also rehearsed. The exercise will enable further refine the operational, logistics and administrative plans of the Western Naval Command.

Chetan Bhagat's mother on the sets of 'YehUnDinon Ki Baat Hai'

Ahmedabad: Sony Entertainment Television's 'YehUnDinon Ki Baat Hai' recently had a special visitor on the sets - RekhaBhagat, mother of the famed Indian author - ChetanBhagat. RekhaBhagat, being one of the loyal viewers of the 90s show had expressed an interest to visit the sets and meet the star-cast. Rekhaji wanted to congratulate the actors on doing a fabulous job of re-creating the yester year era for the enjoyment of the audiences.

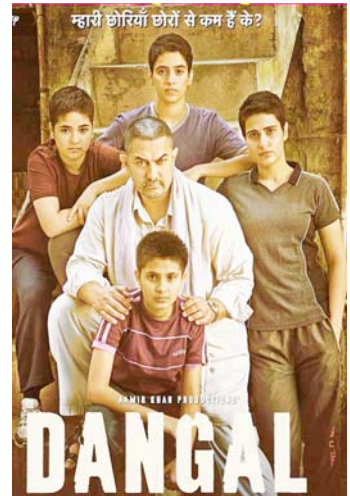


When contacted Ashi said, "It was a pleasant surprise to host Rekhaji on the sets. She is a very sweet lady and clicked lots of photos with us. She appreciated our work and told us that she never misses a single episode. It was a heart-warming experience to chat with the mother of India's leading author - ChetanBhagat. Moments

such as these encourage us to continue doing great work to entertain audiences. When noted personalities such as RekhaBhagat meet us personally and praise our efforts, it motivates us with renewed vigour to put our best foot forward. Rekhaji visited the different places on our sets such as bazaar and shops and clicked photos as she wanted to remember this trip." (19-8)

'Dangal' on 3rd March at 8:00 PM

Ahmedabad: Dangal is a story of Geeta and Babita who break stereotypes in a patriarchal society with grit and determination to win an Olympic medal. Directed by Nitesh Tiwari and co-produced by Aamir Khan Productions, Walt Disney Pictures and UTV Motion Pictures, the blockbuster drama stars Aamir Khan alongside famous television actor Sakshi Tanwar. Dangal also marked the debut of Zaira Wasim, Fatima Sana Shaikh and Aparshakti Khurana. The awe-inspiring movie has received worldwide appreciation, including countries like China and Hong Kong. This weekend & pictures, Naye India Ka Blockbuster Movie Channel, presents, Dangal on Saturday, 3rd March 2018 at 8PM.



Dangal is a sports drama that narrates the story of Mahavir Singh Phogat (Aamir Khan) who trains his daughters, Geeta Phogat (Fatima Sana Sheikh) and

Babita Kumari (Sanya Malhotra) to become world class wrestlers. Aamir Khan is seen essaying the strong disposition of a retired wrestler who aspires to see his daughters excel in the global wrestling arena. With an impactful message, Dangal inspires the audience with its narration as well as symphonies like Arijit Singh's Naina and Raftaar's Dhaakad. (19-8)

NHAI to deploy all women toll collecting staff on international Women's Day

The National Highways Authority of India has decided to deploy all women toll collecting staff in day shift on at least one toll plaza close to the city area, in every state and UT of the country on 8th March 2018, International Women's Day. If this initiative is successful, then it will be implemented across all toll plazas under operation by NHAI within the next 3 months. The Regional Officers have been instructed in this regard.

To improve the condition of toll plazas and create a competitive environment, NHAI is also doing a ranking of toll plazas based on various parameters directly affecting the highway users such as ETC adoptability, condition of ETC infrastructure, time taken in passing through the toll plaza using FASTag lane, deployment of Road Marshals, setting up point of sale of FASTag,

FASTag Notice Board, behaviour of toll plazas staff, availability of toll plazas Manager, informative Sign Boards, general cleanliness, condition of flooring and feedback from highway users, availability of neat and clean Ladies/Gents/Divyang toilets, greenery and maintenance on NH stretch etc. NHAI Chairman Shri Deepak Kumar has issued strict instructions to all Regional Officers to ensure dedicated FASTag lane at each toll plaza where only FASTag affixed vehicles will be allowed to pass and the Road Marshals to ensure this. NHAI is also ensuring construction of Nest (Mini) at toll plazas, a short duration parking with litter bins, toilet facilities, water ATM, kiosk with tea/coffee vending machine and pre-packaged food items, readiness and availability of recovery van, patrolling vehicle, and ambulances.

'Yeh Pyaar Nahi Toh Kya Hai' coming soon on Sony

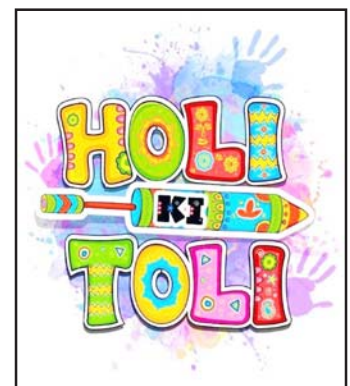


Ahmedabad: Sony Entertainment Television and the makers of EkDujeKeVaaste, well-known writer and producer, Dilip Jha of Bindu Moving Images, are all set to present a fresh and unusual modern day love story, 'YehPyaarNahiToh Kya Hai'. Set in the backdrop of contemporary Delhi, a major portion of the show has been shot at real mansions and landmark spots in and around Delhi and Noida depicting the authentic upper middle-class lifestyle and culture and offer a magnanimous viewing experience to the audience.

The show has roped in Namit Khanna as the lead male protagonist to play the role of Siddhant Sinha. He is a known name in the world of modeling and worked with flagship brands like Sabyasachi amongst others and his role in web series have also been well received. Debutant Palak Jain will be playing the lead female protagonist, Anushka Reddy. The star-cast also includes other big names from the industry like Manish Choudhary, Alka Amin, Anurag Arora and others who are an integral part of the show. (19-8)

Sony YAY!'s announces a unique celebration with 'Holi Ki Toli'

Ahmedabad: An array of vibrant colours, water balloons, oodles of fun with friends and a once-in-a-lifetime chance to feature on television; this Holi, excitement levels will hit the high note. This season, Sony YAY! is all set to double the colourful celebration as it takes children on a fun-tastic joyride. The channel is giving its colour-laden aficionados an opportunity to feature on television alongside their favourite toons, Guru aur Bhole, making it a Holi celebration of their dreams.



The channel announces the launch of Holi Ki Toli, a unique contest for which they are asking children to send in their Holi celebration pictures on Facebook or on their official website. Sony YAY! will bring together these fun-filled photographs, put a funky Holi filter and present

those pictures on-air during the Holi weekend, giving kids a chance to soak themselves in colour both on and off-screen. 'Holi Ki Toli' contest is now live, promising a colourful and fun-filled celebration for children across the country. All you need to do is celebrate Holi with colour and joy, take a picture and send it to the channel and stand a chance to be on Sony YAY! on 03rd and 4th March! (19-8)

Begging on Rise in India- How to tackle ? (Part 3)



Today, awareness about the lack of adequate amenities within custodial set-ups has increased, and so has the understanding of required interventions. Supervisors and probation officers in these Beggars' Homes acknowledge the deficiencies of an approach that criminalises begging without any commitment to rehabilitation. The 'begging mafia' in India seems to be an extension of

the same rhetoric. Time and again, begging has been conflated with crimes such as human trafficking and people smuggling.

The existing laws are inadequate to effectively tackle the 'beggar mafia' and rescue children from its clutches. Thousands of cases of child abduction and forced [begging] don't see the light of the day. The children belong to all economic sections.

Begging is one of the most serious social issues in India. In spite of its rapid economic growth, India is a poverty-driven country, which is also leading to the growth of beggars in the country. Most of them come from Bangladesh and some of them are from India. There are few beggars in the country who actually are the real ones, who beg because they are handicapped, because of their inability to work or because they are old or blind or be-



cause they really need money for basic needs. There are many others who live far below the poverty line and opt for begging to earn their livelihood. In some cases, we find the entire family is involved in begging. The family members keep on increasing with marriage and birth and each of them gets into begging on streets or

temples. Children of such families do not go to school but only beg. They have to do begging because their family's income is not enough to feed the entire family in a day. Here, poverty is one big reason for such a situation. But at the same time, begging is not the solution for such a situation.

Policing by consent should be the road-map for the future: Vice President

The Vice President of India, Shri M. Venkaiah Naidu has said that policing by consent should be the road-map for the future adding that use of force by the police has to be circumscribed by the ideals of rule of law, whatever is the provocation. He was addressing the IPS Probationers of 70 RR (2017 Batch) of the Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel National Police Academy, in Hyderabad today. The Minister for Home & Prisons, Telangana, Sri Naini Narshimha Reddy and other dignitaries were present on the occasion.

The Vice President said that nudging the people on the fringes of criminality to become law abiding citizens and taking exemplary action against the habitual and repeat offenders should be the order of the day. He further asked IPS officers to address crimes against women and children with heavy hand and with utmost sensitivity towards the victims. Acquire soft skills like effective listening, empathy, team building and stress management, he added.

The Vice President said that internal security lays the essential foundation for the prosperity of our nation by ensuring a Stable socio-economic environment. The ethnic disturbances, erosion of inter community relations, insensitivity towards other

responsible and challenging roles.

Internal security lays the essential foundation for the Prosperity of our nation by ensuring a Stable socio-economic environment. You are going to shoulder huge and challenging responsibilities in this regard in the form of providing leadership in IPS and seven other Central Armed Police Forces viz., Central Reserve Police Force, Border Security Force, Indo-Tibetan Border Police, Central Industrial Security Force, Shashtra Security Bal, National Security Guards and Assam Rifles. Huge opportunities and challenges lie ahead of you on the completion of your training at this prestigious training institute named after the unifier of India, the great Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

It gives me intense pleasure to address you today. I see in you the sparks of enthusiasm, energy, commitment and sincerity to serve the people of our great democracy. You are being shaped as a Police Professional in the Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel National Police Academy which is named after one of the greatest sons of our nation, who was among the tallest of the builders of modern India and its federal polity.

As new entrants to the Indian Police Service, you inherit a past etched with the exam-

ples of great courage, valour and sacrifice of thousands of policemen and women. This glorious past should motivate you further to discharge your duties with firmness, selflessness, commitment and dedication. Our countrymen will look upto you for your attention to their varied needs and problems. Our country is defined by ethnic, religious and cultural diversity which is surely a source of both strength but may also lead to centrifugal tendencies if not handled sensitively. The ethnic disturbances, erosion of inter community relations, insensitivity towards other faiths, disrespect to the value of human beings are of major concerns for us. Your role becomes very vital to control proactively the communal forces in our country affecting the unity and integrity. Since independence, our country has traversed a long path to the present status of being recognized as a major world power. The journey has by no means been smooth and the challenges ahead shall by no means be small. The police forces, both state and central, shall play a central role in this stride.

In today's world internal security and national security are intrinsically linked and part of the same set. National security cannot be ensured without peace and stability within our own borders. This fact

situates the role of police as central in national security. Furthermore, good policing is essential for a vibrant democracy. The democratic polity today, in addition to the basic needs, also demands 'good policing'. This is a very healthy sign, and it emanates from the realization that there is a strong positive correlation between the quality of policing and the pace of development. Social order, peace and tranquility are essential prerequisites for progress and development.

The biggest threat our country faces is terrorism - be it in J&K, North-East or Naxalisms, Police forces have been at the center of India's response to counter this multi-headed monster. While the state response should be strong and appropriate, experience shows that there are numerous challenges. While there cannot be any compromise on security, we have to ensure freedom to the people at same time. The time has come when use of force by the police has to be circumscribed by the ideals of rule of law, whatever be the provocation. Policing by consent should be the road-map for the future. Nudging the people on the fringes of criminality to become law abiding citizens and taking exemplary action against the habitual and repeat offenders should be the order of the day.

PUBLIC NOTICE
ICICI Home Finance
Regd. & Corporate Office: ICICI Bank Towers, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400051
Branch Office: ICICI Bank Ltd., 2nd Floor, Videocon Tower, Jhandewalan Ext., New Delhi-110055
A notice is hereby given that the following borrower/s have defaulted in the repayment of principal and interest of the loans facility obtained by them from the secured creditor and the loans have been classified as Non Performing Assets (NPA). The notice were issued to them under Section 13 (2) of Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act-2002 on their last known addresses, however it has/ have returned un-served and as such they are hereby informed by way of this public notice.

Sr. No.	Name of the Borrower/ Co-Borrower/ Guarantor/ (Loan Account Number) & Address	Property Address of Secured Asset/ Asset To Be Enforced	Date of Notice Sent/ Outstanding as on Date of Notice	NPA Date
1.	Rameshbhai Sagarbhai Desai/ Lqgdhirthai Talabhai Desai/ Amithbhai Janardan Ravai/ Vishanubhai Arjanbhai Desai/ Babubhai Arjanbhai Desai/ Dashtra Tarabhai Desai/ M/s Kanjibhai R Desai/ Rajeshbhai Arjanbhai Desai/ Bharatbhai Ganesh Desai/ Kanjibhai Ramjibhai Desai/ Jigarbhai Jagdishchandra Ravai/ (NHBRD0000726733) M/s Kanjibhai R Desai, Opp Bharat Nagar Co Op Soc. Malgodown, Mehsana, Gujarat - 384002	Shop No. 19, 20, 21, Grd Flr, Shree Rang Plaza, Sayajigunj, R.S. No. 461/2, C.T. Tikka No. 8/4, C.T.S. No. 867, Mouje Vadodara Kasba, Baroda, Gujrat - 390005	February 7, 2018 RS. 1925278/-	Oct-2-2017
2.	Prakash Tejabhai Gurjar/ Babiben Prakashchandra Suthar (NHDEE0000831258/ NHDEE00000831259) 107 Guru Green Society, Patan Highway, Deesa, Gujarat - 385535	Plot No 107, Guru Green Society, Patan Highway, Moje Gam- Bhoynar, R S No 5/1, Tadeesa, Gujrat - 385535	February 2, 2018 RS. 880186/-	Sep-7-2017
3.	Bharat Narshibhai Patel/ Pushpaben Bharatkumar Patel/ Sakarben Narshibhai Bhuvra (NHIRAJ00000746785) 2- Jagnath Plot, Indiya Kaivard Road, B/H V Mart, Opp Sai Ngr, B/h Solitare, Off Kalawad Rd, Rajkot, Gujarat - 360005	India Street No.2, Jagnath Plot, Grd+1st Floor, Nanamava R.S. No.69, Sub Plot No.28- B/2, T.P.S. No. 3, F.P. No. 25-1, Nr. Sai Ngr, B/h Solitare, Off Kalawad Rd, Rajkot, Gujrat-360005	February 7, 2018 RS. 1081335/-	Sep-11-2017

The steps are being taken for substituted service of notice. The above borrower/s and/or their guarantors (where ever applicable) are advised to make the payments of outstanding within period of 60 days from the date of publication of this notice falling which, further steps will be taken after the expiry of 60 days from the date of publication of this notice as per the provisions of Securitisation and Re-construction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002.

Date : 01-March-2018
Place: Gujarat
Authorized Officer
For ICICI Home Finance Company Ltd.

NOTICE
Please mail us advertisements and news only on below given email only :
freepressgujarat@gmail.com