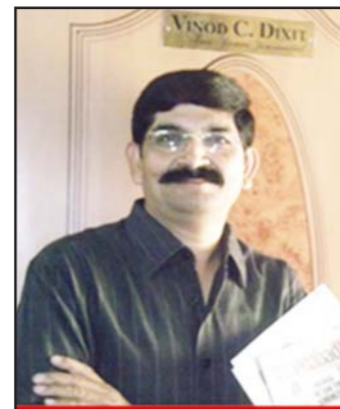


EDITORIAL

Nuclear Energy Boost

There are three positive aspects to the Union Cabinet's approval of indigenous construction of 10 atomic reactors for civil nuclear use. The first is that it will provide an impetus to the encouragement and growth of local technological talent. The Indian scientific establishment has over the decades, as a result of foreign collaborations in the setting up of and operating nuclear power plants, acquired both experience and expertise in the area. Indian scientists are, thus, eminently capable of making a success of similar ventures on their own, and all that they need is the right environment and resources. India could in the process tap local talent situated abroad for the purpose, besides using that which is available within the country. The second advantage has to do with the generation of employment on a large scale. It's never happened before that the construction of as many as 10 reactors has been approved in one go. While the four States where these are proposed to be located will be the direct beneficiaries in terms of local employment, manpower from other regions too will be drawn to the projects. A host of direct and indirect job creations will happen. Besides, several ancillary units will come up and provide opportunities to skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled labour. The manufacturing order to domestic companies is expected to be a whopping Rs 70,000 crore, and this has the potential of scaling up the performance of these firms, not to speak of reviving units that may be floundering at the moment for lack of opportunities and job orders. The new projects, once they begin to be implemented, will also boost the civil nuclear programme already underway in various parts of the country with foreign help, because the competitive factor will automatically set in. The third positive aspect is critical to India's projection as a nation competent in civil nuclear technology, and one that can be self-sufficient. The delay in becoming a member of the Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG), due to obstruction from China, has the potential of delaying, if not derailing, the country's nuclear programme reaching the next level. Although there are many nations backing New Delhi's claim to the NSG, they are not in a position to guarantee its entry.

Cow protection has become a highly politicized core of the Hindu religion.



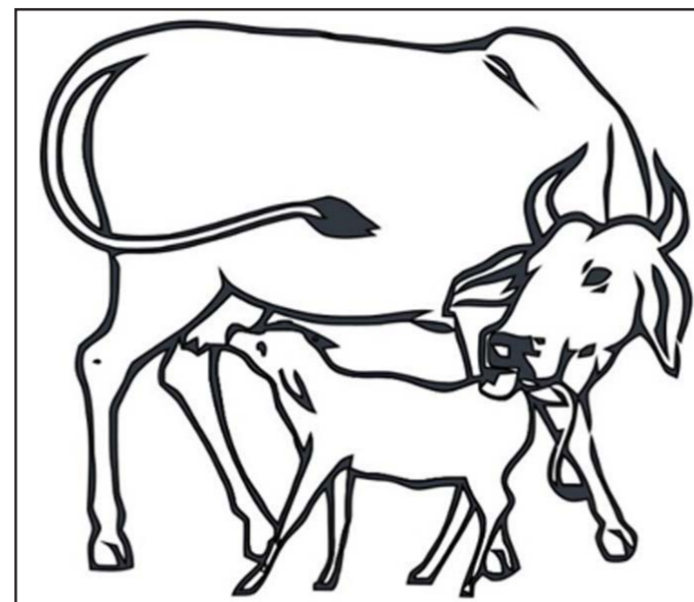
Vinod Chandrashekar Dixit
Free-lance Journalist
Ahmedabad

Of course, the cow has long had a place in Indian politics: the country's constitution includes a provision explicitly urging a gradual movement toward full prohibition of cow slaughter — a ban that has already been implemented in most states. The cow was possibly revered because humans are relied heavily on it for dairy products and for tilling the fields, and on cow dung as a source of fuel and fertilizer. Cow protection was a significant part of the freedom movement, championed by a person no less than Mohandas Gandhi himself. Mahatma Gandhi said "Cow protection to me is not mere protection of the cow. It means protection of that lives and is helpless and weak in the world." Reverence for cows is in the major texts of the Vedic religion. Mahatma Gandhi said that "I worship it and I shall de-

pend its worship against the whole world." Gandhi regarded Cow better than the earthly mother, and called her "the mother to millions of Indian mankind." Cow protection has become a highly politicized core of the Hindu religion. Killing and maiming innocent animals for human

the BJP to garner such widespread public support while championing the bovine cause. Cow vigilante groups have become increasingly active in many parts of India. Rather than encouraging these cow vigilantes to take law into their hands, the government should strictly

anti-social elements masquerading as gau rakshaks (cow protectors). India has 150 million cows today, giving an average of less than 200 litres of milk per year. The cow has been a symbol of wealth in India since ancient times. However, they were neither inviolable nor revered in the same way today. Now a days, it has been slaughtered in large numbers. Commercial benefits are not the only criteria in a human life. Cow-based farming has been the backbone of our agriculture for centuries. The cow is very much attached to the sentiment and the cultural traditions of the people. It is to be remembered that cow is the back-bone of Indian economy. India was golden bird until cow was base of agriculture. It is our duty to inform the poorly informed the bad consequences of animal slaughter for human consumption. We call the cow our mother. It's not our duty to protect our mother? It is nice that the government runs several goshalas, shelters for old cattle, across the country, but these are too few and are not governed by serious norms. Government must put a check on the people who are running shops in the name of cow protection which welcomes donations and outside help in the name of cow protection. We need to spread awareness about the cow and its many uses.



consumption is the most irreligious, immoral and lowest human act. Indians have reasoned that killing a cow is like killing your own mother.

In India, the cow is considered holy, and many devout Hindus devote themselves to protecting cows from slaughter and abuse — sometimes with violent results. Cow protection didn't become India's top political issue in 2017 overnight. There is a strong history and background to it that allows

enforce laws so that no such illegal transportation or cow slaughter occurs in the first place. Animal slaughtering is wrong as they are also sentient beings and feel as much pain as we humans do. Not just cows but all the animals should be protected and not murdered to merely satisfy our taste buds.

Breaking his silence on cow vigilantes in the country our PM Modi has rightly condemned their actions, saying most of them were

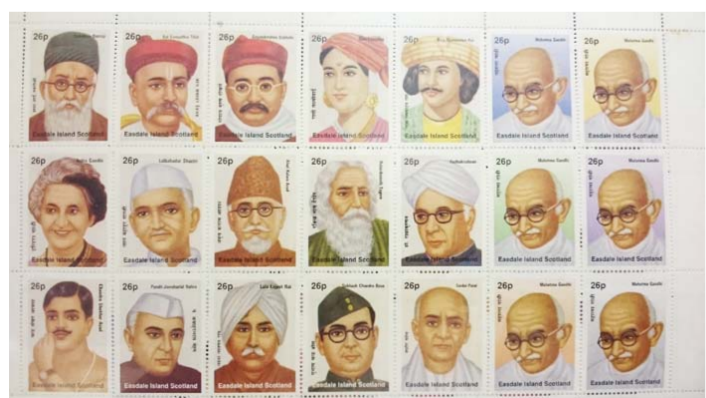
Our Vip Illegal Squatters

The Union Cabinet's decision to quickly evict people who occupy Government accommodation past the authorised period, cannot but be welcomed. The tendency of Government servants — and this includes Ministers too — to cling on to free housing at tax-payers' money, has been one of the biggest shames. Unfortunately, the squatters have never viewed it as that, but rather as a privilege they are entitled to! In other words, holding on to Government accommodation, even undeservingly so, has become a status symbol. Previous regimes are responsible in some measure to the proliferation of this practice because they treated the illegal occupiers with softness. To an extent, this may appear understandable; after all, the entire political class often gangs up when it comes to protecting the interests of its members. Still, the age-old habit had to be tackled sooner than later. Moreover, the failure of occupants to move out when they are no longer eligible, creates problems for the new claimants who have to do with temporary accommodation till the incumbent occupier moves out at his or her sweet will. This mockery of privileges, like the insistence on red beacons on

cars, had to end. The illegal occupiers have been making full use of their stature and the existing rules which they twist and turn to stick on where they are. The process of eviction is long, and is made lengthier because of the lack of will on the part of the authorities to crack down. It takes four to six weeks to get a Government accommodation vacated as per present rules; in the case of Ministers, the process extends for months. There are instances of former Ministers and Members of Parliament holding on to Government bungalows for many months because they need a 'base' in the national capital to conduct their politics. One former Minister's wife — and estranged at that — had continued to occupy a spacious Government residence long after her husband went out of power. It needed the intervention of the Delhi High Court to get her moving. There are former Union Ministers who have moved the courts against their eviction!

The new amendments approved by the Cabinet are designed to take care of the existing loopholes which have been exploited by the unscrupulous and offered opportunities to mire the entire issue into a long-drawn legal process, thus buying them time.

Now Old Currency Coins available on 'elala.in'



Ahmedabad, Different people have different types of hobbies. Some people have the pleasure of collecting ancient and antique items. Especially interested in collection of old currency coins and notes. ELALA.IN is

one the online platform that is the available to buy ancient currency coins. One such festival is organized for the hobbyists of ancient things at GMDC Ground, Ahmedabad during 19-21 May, 2017. (19-10)

No Full Closure In Nirbhaya Case

The Supreme Court's order, upholding the death sentence for the four accused in the Nirbhaya rape and murder case, has largely been met with applause. There has been a widespread sense of contentment that justice has finally prevailed and that there has been a closure.

The top court's ruling was indeed unusual — it was 'the rarest of rare case'. The brutality and torture undergone by Nirbhaya raised the collective conscience of the people and forced them to take note of the menace lurking on Indian roads. There were candle light marches and protests in solidarity with her. And the demand was just one — "hang the rapists". The accused deserved no mercy. Rightly so, the case became a turning point and the apex court's judgement will to some extent alleviate public's faith in the justice delivery system and infuse a sense of fear among the rapists.

However, the reality is that all positive. One of the perpetrators of the crime, a juvenile, continues to live as a free bird, in anonymity, after having served three years in a remand home. The judiciary was tied by the law of the land as the juvenile fell short of a few months to be tried as an adult. Considering that his conduct was as heinous as the other accused, or by some accounts worse than those of five others (one of them died in jail), his freedom seems a travesty of justice. Today, while he remains free, there are no chances to bring him to justice, at least in

the Nirbhaya case. This shall remain a matter of enduring regret. The saving grace, however, is that an enraged India's voice against the establishment's apathetic attitude to the incident finally yielded results. The Government was forced to amend the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000, which had

been providing a 'protective' shield to hardened juvenile offenders.

Now, at the very least, there cannot be a juvenile, who commits a 'heinous crime', getting away by serving a few years in a remand home, (which was hardly a punishment). Juveniles aged between 16 and 18 years will now have to face the con-

sequences as any other adult does and will also be subject to the Indian Penal Code (IPC). However, the Government's decision to make the changes in the juvenile Act re-ignited the debate on how juveniles, who commit crimes, must be treated. At the forefront of this debate were human rights activists.

Awareness of Heart Failure in India is very poor: Dr. Keyur Parikh

Ahmedabad: May is celebrated as World Heart Failure Awareness month, which provides a unique opportunity to spread awareness about heart failure. On this occasion, prominent cardiologists from Ahmedabad highlighted the need to raise patient awareness and educating people about heart failure. The need of the hour is to promote self-health awareness by encouraging regular and timely check-ups, educating about the signs and symptoms of heart failure and stressing the importance of regular health screenings.

Heart failure is an important global health problem, affecting about 26 million people worldwide. It is associated with high mortality and is estimated to have cost about US\$100 billion in 2012[1]. The disease remains poorly understood and often confused to be an aftermath of a cardiac arrest. Factors such as low awareness, inaccurate or delayed diagnosis,

unhealthy dietary patterns and lack of effective treatment protocol has seen an increased incidence of heart failure in India.

The experts clarified that 'heart failure', doesn't mean that the heart is about to stop working, but agreed that it is a potentially life-threatening condition where the heart cannot pump enough blood around the body. This, in most cases, happens because the heart muscle, which is responsible for the pumping action, weakens or stiffens over time. So, monitoring heart failure symptoms daily and taking action becomes very imperative. Lifestyle changes are equally important, balancing physical activity with rest, healthy eating, taking medicines as prescribed and reducing stress to help the heart become more efficient.

Speaking at the event,

Dr. Keyur Parikh, Senior Cardiologist, CIMS said, "Overall awareness of Heart Failure in India is very poor. People don't have the basic understanding of Heart Failure, its symptoms, its treatment options and also the advantages of treating it at an early stage. In India, most of the patients are admitted to the medical care at an advanced stage."

To raise awareness for Heart Failure, Dr. Dhiren Shah, Cardiac Surgeon, CIMS, strongly favoured the need to develop a comprehensive approach to combat heart failure in India which has already become an epidemic in the country. There should be a targeted focus on healthcare infrastructure, quality and access to primary healthcare facilities and more awareness on non-communicable diseases. (1-7)

Downplaying Climate Change Is Dangerous

There is now a growing resolve across the world to deal with the challenge of climate change, even though action thus far has been inadequate and delayed. The reports of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) have succeeded considerably in creating awareness worldwide on the scientific reality of climate change, and this was a major driver of the Paris agreement of 2015. However, if we do not meet the goal of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) as quantified by the IPCC, then the current impacts that the world is experiencing would become progressively more serious, thus enhancing risks for all living species and ecosystems in the future. It may then be too late for us to deal with this challenge.

Hence, the time to act is now, and any further delay could lead to disaster. There is still, unfortunately, a powerful group of climate sceptics, who prefer not only to retain their doubts in the face of overwhelming scientific evidence but also spend significant resources in sowing doubts in the minds of the public.

President Donald Trump, during his election campaign, repeatedly pledged that he would have the US withdraw from the Paris agreement, in case he is elected as President. He has also stated on several occasions that climate change is a hoax, and even referred to it as a Chinese conspiracy. It is truly unfortunate that the leader of the most powerful country in the world ignores what successive Governments of the United States have accepted over the years.

The reports of the IPCC are accepted and approved by all the governments of the world. The most widely read part of each report, the Summary for Policy Makers, is actually approved and accepted word by word by every Government. The process of approval, therefore, becomes an extremely laborious exercise, generally requiring all night sessions in which delegations from countries as diverse as Saudi Arabia, the vulnerable small island states and nations of North America participate actively. The strength and merit of this process lies in the fact that governments accept and own the scientific findings of the IPCC and rigorous assessment of the world's best scientists, after questioning and scrutinising the reports presented to them for approval in this intensive process. The Administration of President George W Bush was also totally sceptical about human interference on the earth's climate, but towards the end of his second term, President Bush did concede that climate change was a reality. However, he differed in his view from the scientific assessment of how to deal with the problem. Nevertheless, his Government fully approved and accepted the Summary for Policy Makers and all the other reports brought out in that period by the IPCC. In substance, the Fourth Assessment Report (AR4) completed in 2007 provided some compelling messages of human interference on the climate system as did, more forcefully, the Fifth Assessment Report (AR5), which was approved and released in November 2014.

The US in several respects is very vulnerable to the impacts of climate change, some of which are increasingly in evidence already. Heat waves, extreme precipitation events, and extreme sea level rise related events are taking place with higher intensity and frequency across the US. The southwestern part of that country is vulnerable to droughts, and projections indicate a serious problem of water scarcity in the future. California, for instance, has suffered from recurrent droughts over the past four years, and prospects for the future are particularly grim.

W. Rly Recovers Rs. 12.18 crore from 2.60 lakh cases of Ticketless travelling during April, 2017

Western Railway conducted regular checks during April, 2017 where in near about 2.60 lakh cases of ticketless/irregular travel including unbooked luggage cases were detected, resulting in recovery of Rs.12.18 crore which is more than the corresponding month of the last year. During the month, 23 cases of illegal transfer of reserved tickets were detected. Besides, 1035 beggars & unauthorized hawkers etc were apprehended, evicted, fined and more than 149 persons were sent to jail.

As stated by Shri Ravinder Bhakar, Chief Public Relations Officer of Western Railway in a press release, 195 checks were conducted during this period, against touts and other anti-social elements by Western Rly's commercial department. As a result, 111

persons were apprehended and prosecuted and fined under various sections of Railways Act. During the month of April 2017, 110 school children above 12 years of age were detected traveling in ladies compartment of suburban trains and were removed from ladies compartment by Surakshini squad. Western Railway regularly conducts drive against ticketless travellers. In its endeavour to provide better services to its bonafide rail users and also to curb ticketless travelling, WR has regularly been taking necessary steps. Senior Officers are closely monitoring the revenue loss due to ticketless travel and such other irregularities. WR urges all rail users to buy proper railway ticket and travel with dignity.

SUNGOLD CAPITAL LTD

[CIN: L65910GJ1993PLC018956]
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Website: www.sungoldcapitallimited.com
Email: info@sungoldcapitallimited.com

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to regulation 29 read with Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 that the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company will be held on Sunday, May 28, 2017 at the corporate office of the Company inter alia, to consider and approve the Audited Financial Results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2017.

For Sungold Capital Ltd
Sd/-
Bhumika Sidhpura
(Company Secretary)

Place: Mumbai
Date: 19.05.2017

REALSTRIPS LTD.

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Email ID : ramcharan@realstrips.com,
www.realstrips.com
CIN: L27100GJ1990PLC014383

Notice

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Regulation 29 read with Regulation 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 that a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company will be held on Monday, 29th May 2017 at the registered office of the Company to consider and approve Audited Financial Results for the Year and Quarter ended on 31st March, 2017.

This Intimation is also available on the website of the Company at www.realstrips.com and on website of the Stock Exchange where the shares of the company are listed at www.bseindia.com.

For, Real Strips Limited
Sd/-
Prakashraj Jain
Jt. Managing Director

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 19/05/2017

Arman Holdings Limited

Registered Office : 419, Rajhans Heights, Mini Bazar, Varachha Road, Surat- 395006.
Tel : 9586006569. Email ID : armanholdingsltd@gmail.com.
Website : www.armanholdings.in
CIN : L65993GJ1982PLC082961

NOTICE

Pursuant to Regulation 29 read with Regulation 47 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015, Notice is hereby given that the meeting of the Board of Directors of Arman Holdings Limited is scheduled to be held on 29th May, 2017 at 3.00 P.M. to consider and approve the Audited Financial Results for the Fourth quarter and Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2017 and other matters as per the agenda at the Registered Office of the Company situated at 419, Rajhans Heights, Mini Bazar, Varachha Road, Surat-395006.

It is further informed that the Trading Window as described in "Code of conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading ("the Code") adopted by the Company pursuant to the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992, read with SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 will remain closed from 19th May, 2017 to 30th May, 2017 (both days inclusive) for the Promoters/ Directors/ Officers/ Designated Employees of the Company and their Relatives ("the concerned persons"), for the aforesaid purpose of consideration of Audited results of the Company.

For Arman Holdings Limited
Sd/-
Altamish
Company Secretary

Place: Surat
Date: 19th May 2017